

## WORLD WAR II

**Section 3 Quiz****A. Key Terms and People**

**Directions:** Use the terms and people in the word bank to complete the sentences below. You will not use all of the answers.

D-Day	island hopping	Manhattan Project
Battle of the Bulge	kamikaze	J. Robert Oppenheimer
Harry S. Truman	Albert Einstein	

- \_\_\_\_\_ became President after FDR's death.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ was the program to develop an atomic bomb.
- \_\_\_\_\_ signed a letter to President Roosevelt, explaining the importance of atomic development.
- On \_\_\_\_\_, the Allies launched their invasion of Normandy.
- American forces in the Pacific followed an \_\_\_\_\_ strategy.
- \_\_\_\_\_ was an attempt to drive a wedge between American and British forces.

**B. Key Concepts**

**Directions:** Write the letter of the correct answer or ending in the blank provided.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. What was one effect of the D-Day invasion?
  - Japan knew that Germany was out of the war.
  - Germany could never again attack the Allies.
  - The Allies took an important step toward reaching Berlin.
  - Soviet troops stopped pushing toward Germany from the West.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. One of the effects of the Battle of the Bulge was that
  - Germany used its reserves and demoralized its troops in the battle.
  - British and American troops had little difficulty approaching Berlin.
  - Germany prolonged the time before its surrender to the Allies.
  - Soviet troops avoided the Oder River outside Berlin.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. As American forces approached Japan, the Japanese forces
  - won an important victory in the Philippines.
  - conquered every island the United States held.
  - surrendered quickly and joined the Allied forces.
  - fought almost to the last, preferring killing themselves to surrender.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Who made the decision to use the atomic bomb against Japan?
 

a. Franklin D. Roosevelt	c. Leslie Groves
b. Harry S. Truman	d. Enrico Fermi